



















Contributors



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Market Context

Outlook on Investments

Top10 Trends in Supply Chain

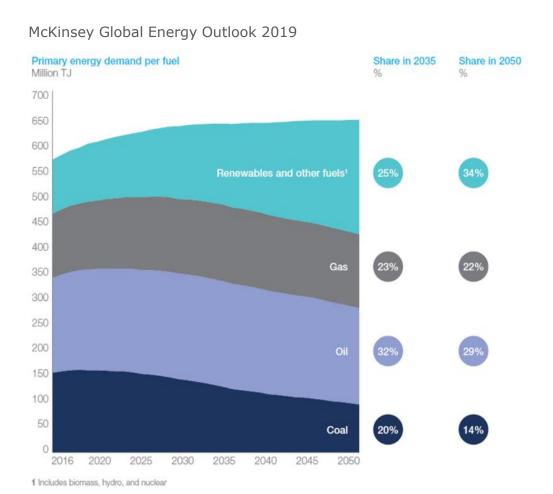
Last year we forecast:

"In the medium term, we will be facing major energy transition turning points, but major uncertainties remain on transition breath and speed"

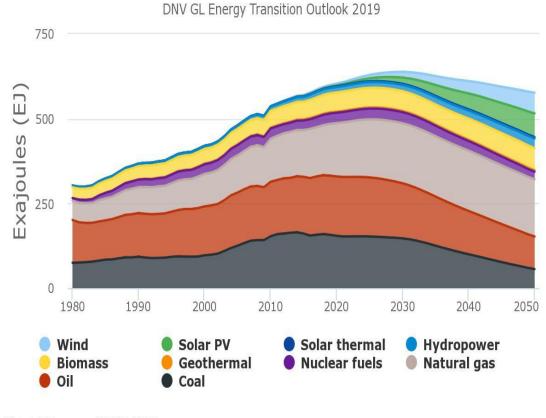




Some forecasters expected the Primary Energy Demand to plateau around 2030 - and perhaps fall, thereafter



World primary energy supply by source



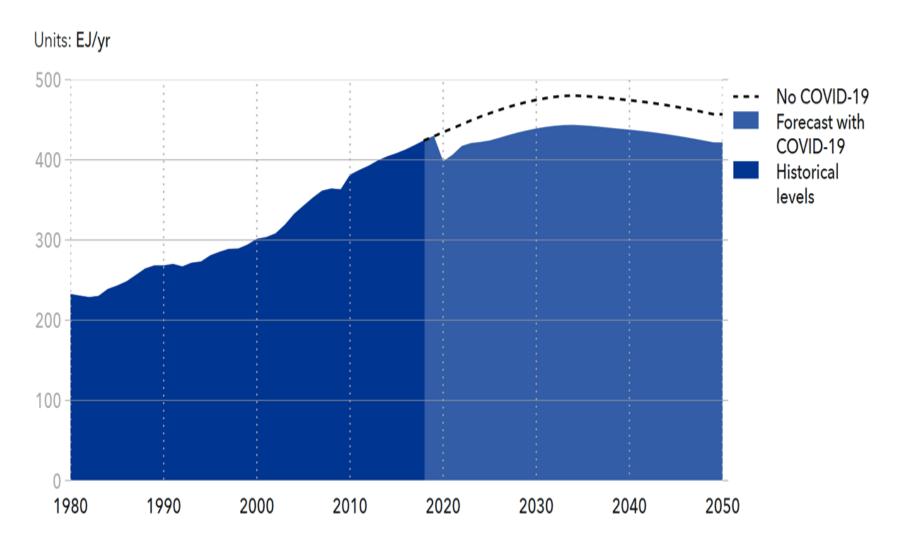
Historical data source: IEA WEB (2018)

DNV GL - ETO 2019



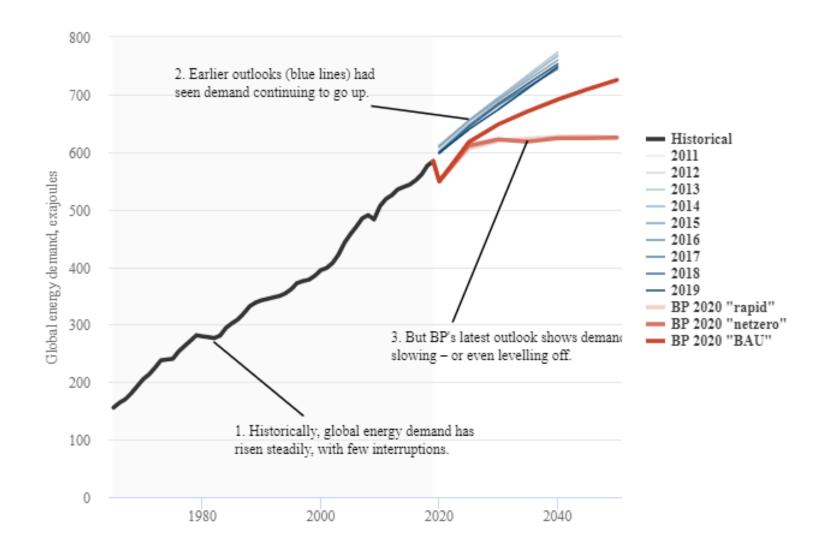
ENERGY INDUSTRY GLOBAL MARKETS FORECAST, NOVEMBER 2020

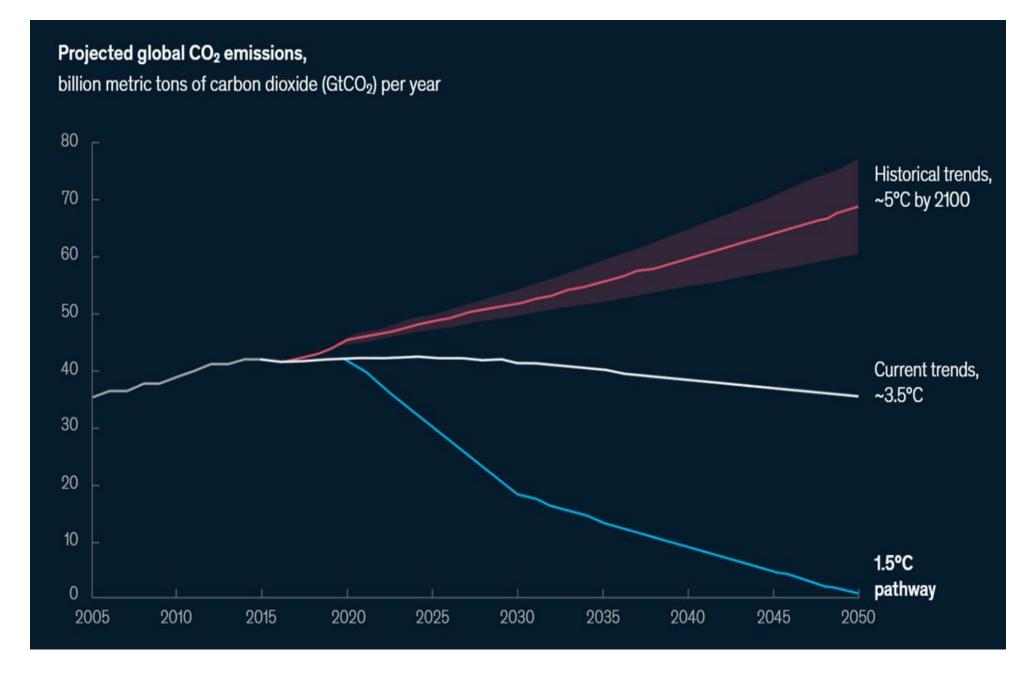
Today, under many scenarios, many believe that in a post-COVID world, global energy demand growth *could* slow down.....and even start levelling off





Today, BP and several other energy majors also say the same ...



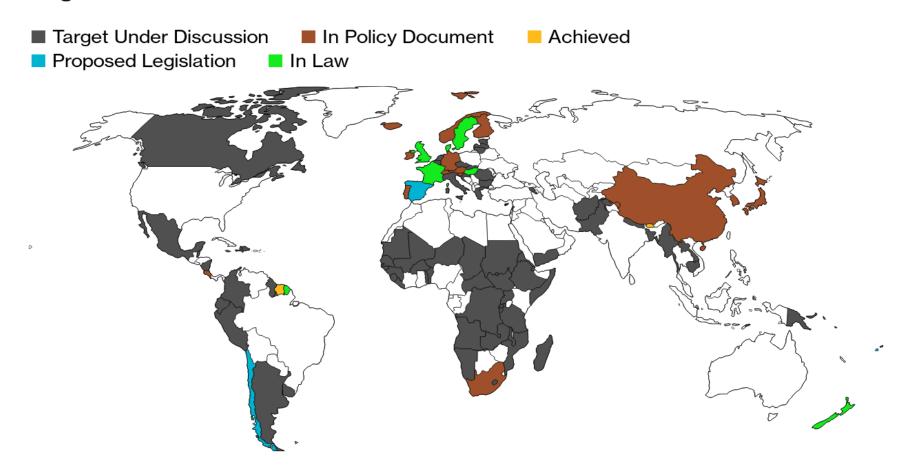




Most recently there is growing optimism that full decarbonization could be on the agenda

Net-Zero Targets

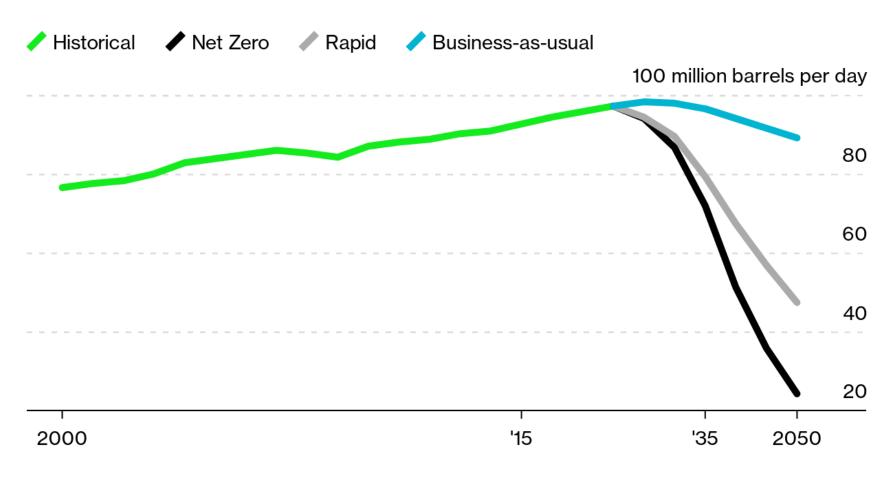
The 126 countries that have set full decarbonization goals contribute 51% of global emissions



Significantly, BP and several other oil majors concede that oil demand is at the peak ... and could plummet

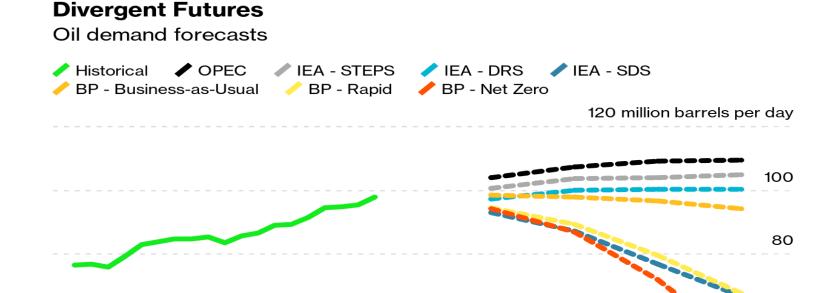
Calling the Top

Global oil demand in three scenarios





With the exception of OPEC, most other opinion makers agree with this view - But future emissions policies are key



Sources: OPEC, IEA, BP Plc, Total SA Note: "IEA - STEPS" is the organization's Stated Policies Scenario. "IEA - DRS" is the organization's Delayed Recovery Scenario. "IEA - SDS" is the organization's Sustainable Developn

2030

2020

Oil production and refining are starting to be managed as a 'mature industry'



2000

2010

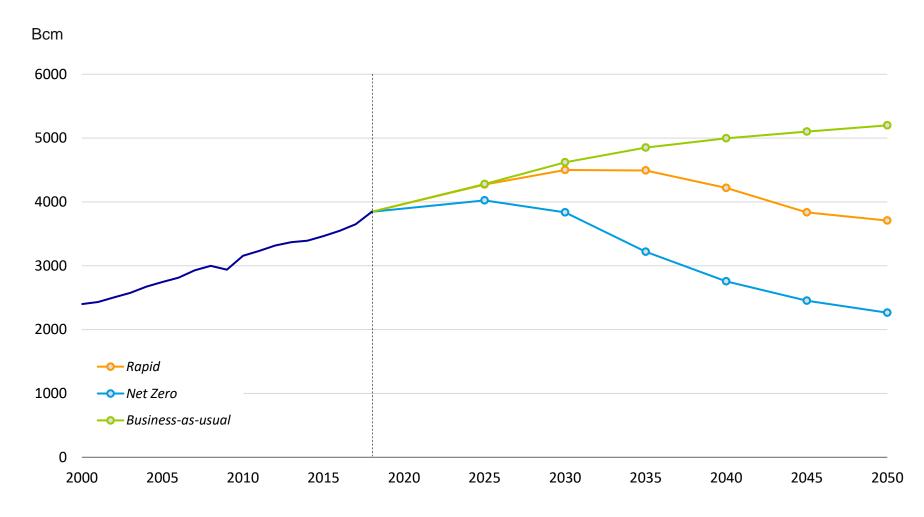
60

40

2040

Outlook for natural gas - a much longer time-horizon

Natural gas consumption





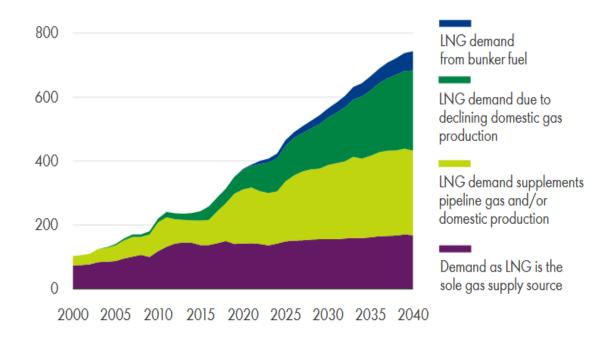
LNG demand to continue its growth path But it all depends on Asian choices

Emerging LNG supply-demand gap

800 Demand forecast central range 600 Potential Qatar expansion 400 LNG supply under construction 200 LNG supply in operation 2015 2020 2025 2030 2035

Demand drivers for LNG

MTPA



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Source: Shell interpretation of IHS Markit, Wood Mackenzie, FGE and Poten & Partners Q4 2019 data



Source: Wood Mackenzie Aug20

ENERGY INDUSTRY GLOBAL MARKETS FORECAST, NOVEMBER 2020

LNG applications continue to broaden

Costa Smeralda first bunkering with LNG



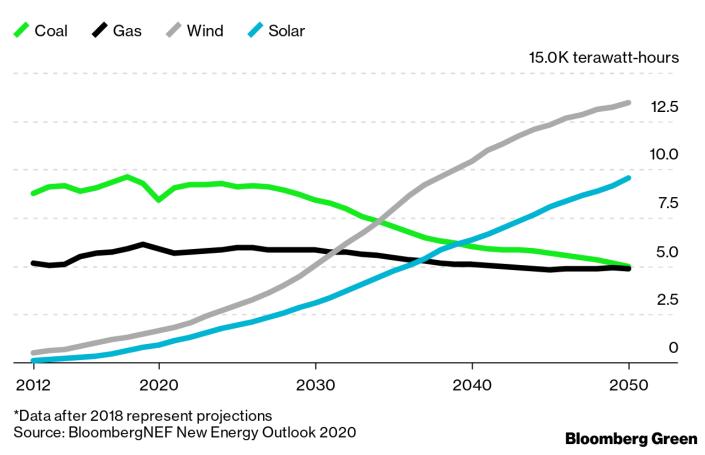


Rapid electrification to continue, all growth and some coal replacement coming from renewables

Gas to continue as a transition fuel

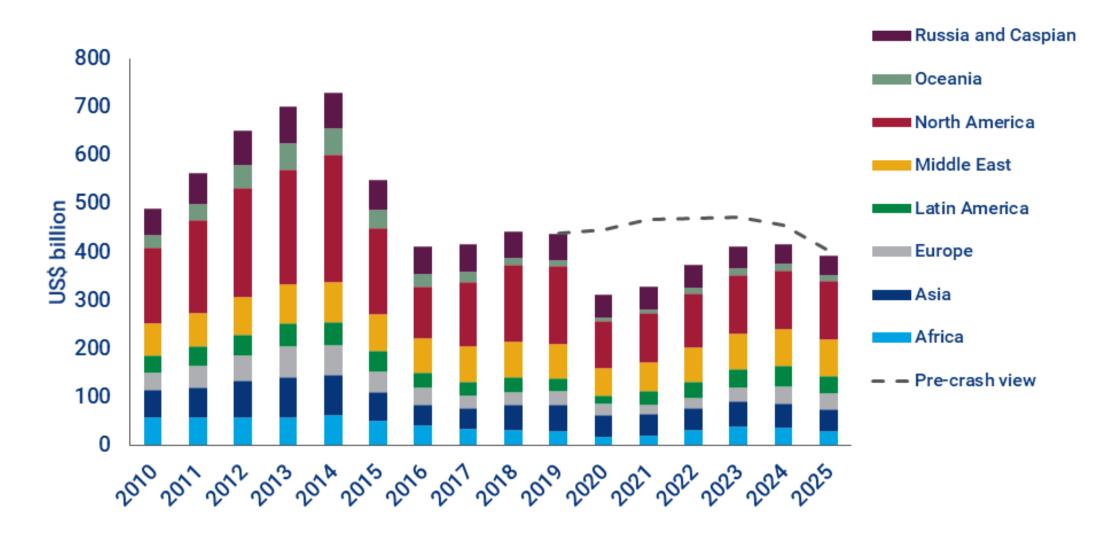
Converging and Diverging

Global coal- and gas-fired power generation*





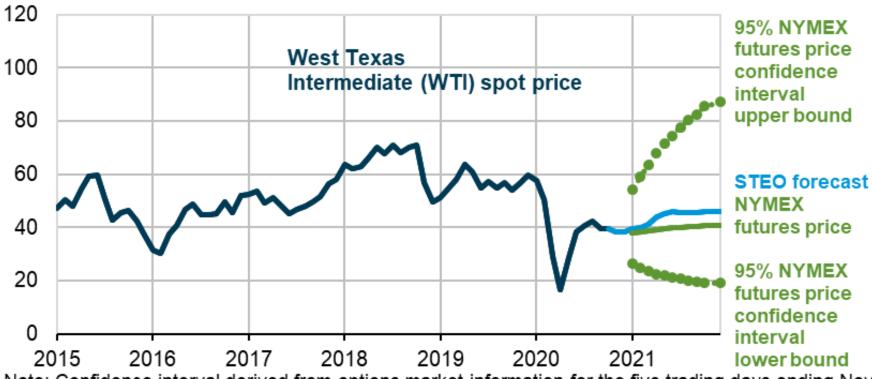
CAPEX investments in Upstream projects should resume over the next years – but then plateau in the medium-term





Flat oil pricing in the near future

West Texas Intermediate (WTI) crude oil price and NYMEX confidence intervals dollars per barrel



Note: Confidence interval derived from options market information for the five trading days ending Nov 5, 2020. Intervals not calculated for months with sparse trading in near-the-money options contracts.

Sources: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Short-Term Energy Outlook, November 2020, CME Group, and Bloomberg, L.P.





But longer term, new technologies related to the energy transition will win the day

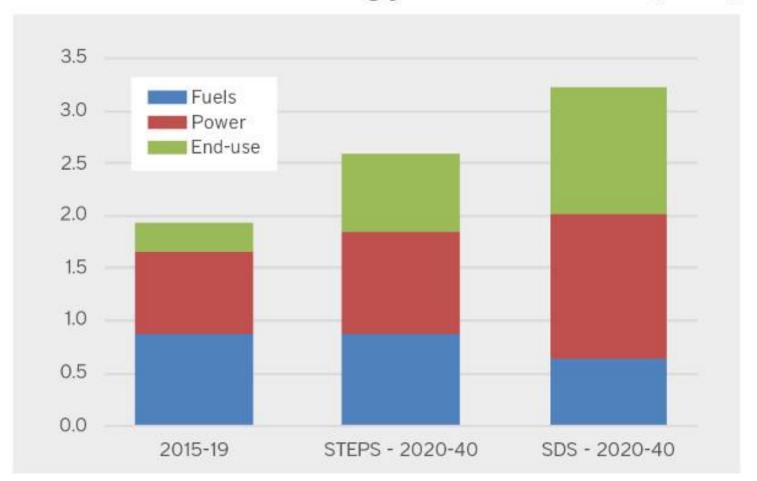




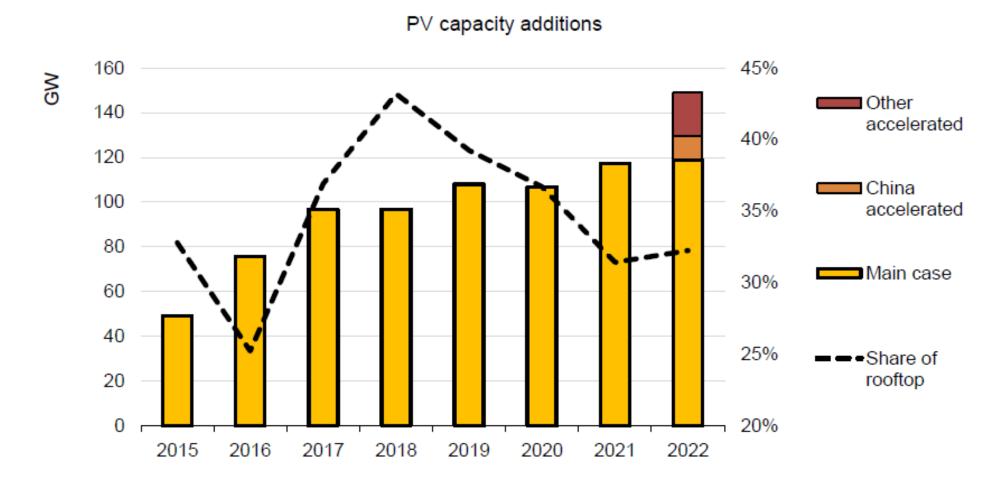
Overall global energy investments should increase under any scenario

- Big danger of underinvestment

Global energy investment (\$tn)



Photovoltaic systems to continue their growth

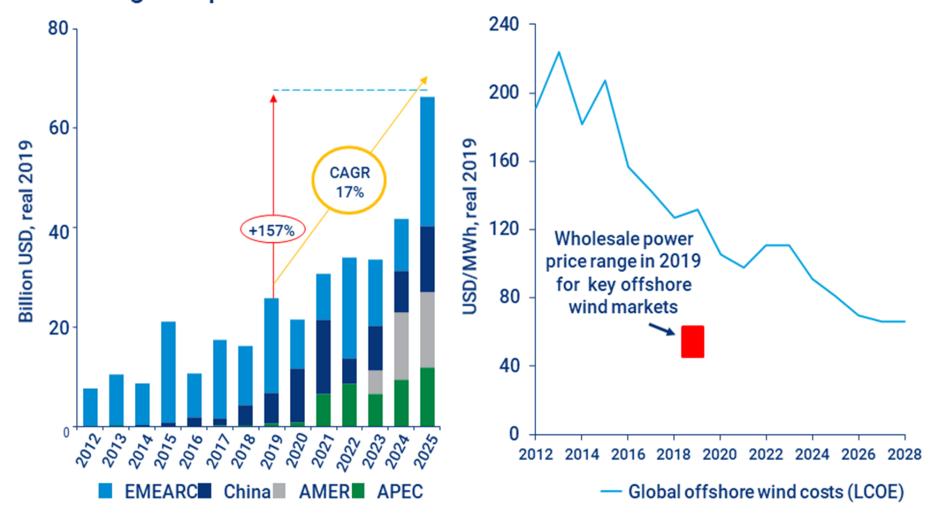


Faster expansion of solar PV is within reach if governments tackle policy uncertainties, provide additional support to rooftop PV, reduce financing costs and address grid integration challenges.



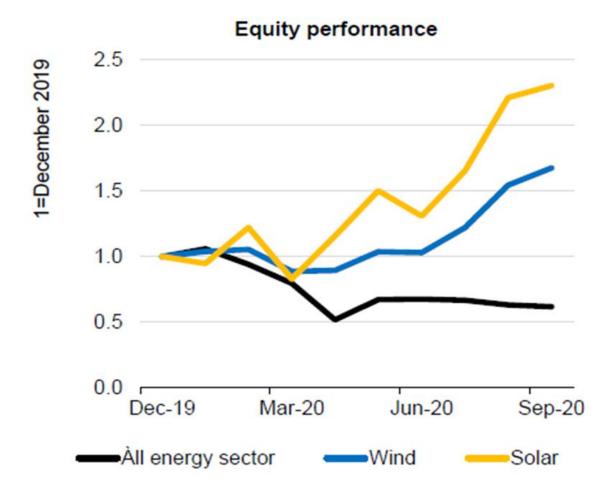
CAPEX investments in Wind Offshore

Global offshore wind capex is set to triple (LHS) while costs are rapidly becoming competitive





Today the financial performance of new energy companies is better than that of traditional ones ...

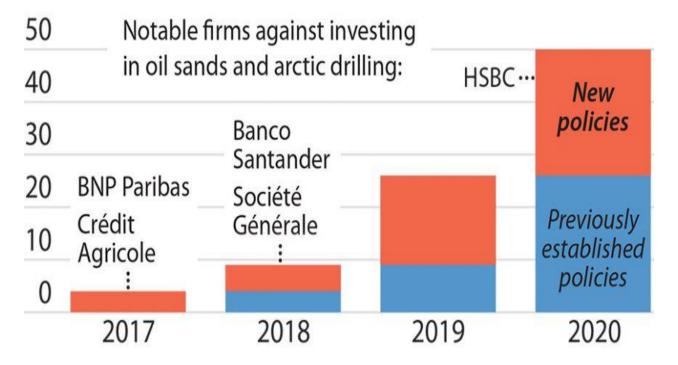


Publicly traded wind and solar companies continued to attract investors and have outperformed the overall energy sector. Countries worldwide have auctioned record levels of capacity, led by China, India and Europe.

... and they are better liked by the financial institutions

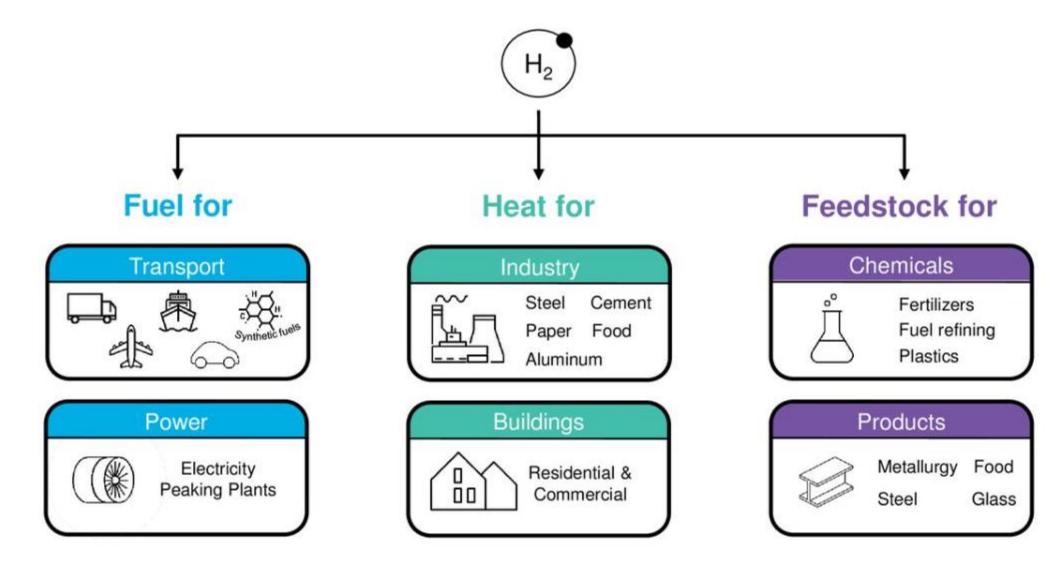
Financial Firms Spurning Oil and Gas

At least 50 financial institutions have adopted policies against making investments in oil and gas.



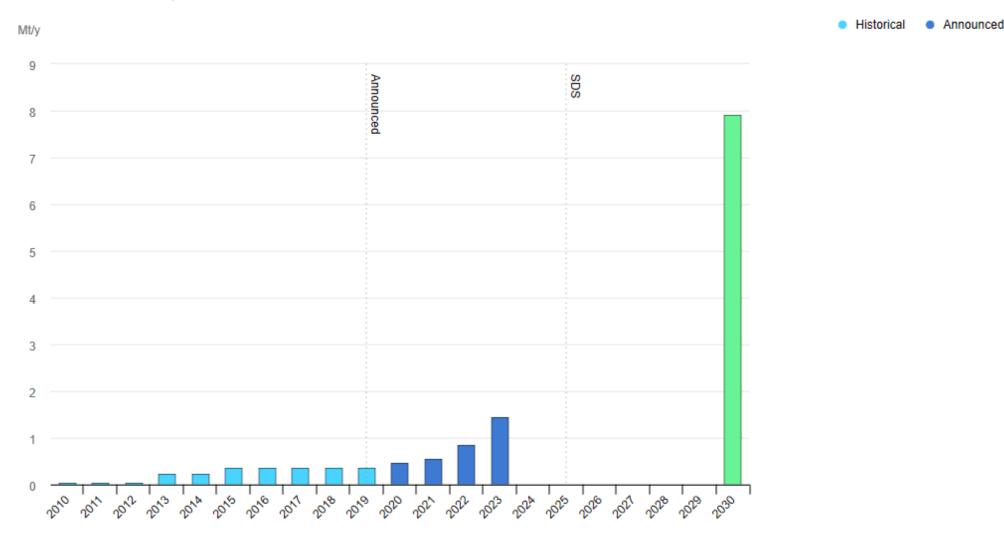
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Beyond solar and wind: **Hydrogen**

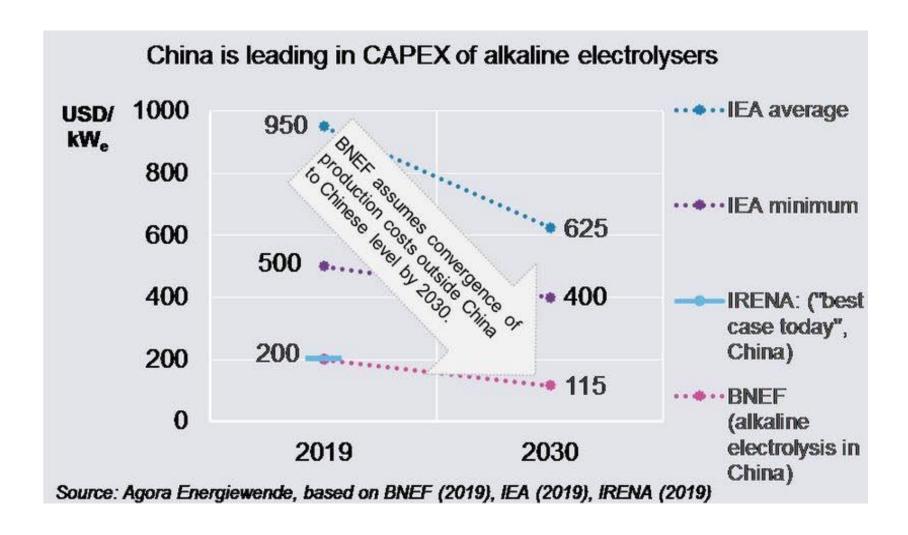


The utilization of hydrogen is expected to grow greatly (vs. today's levels)

"Low-carbon hydrogen production, 2010-2030, historical, announced...."



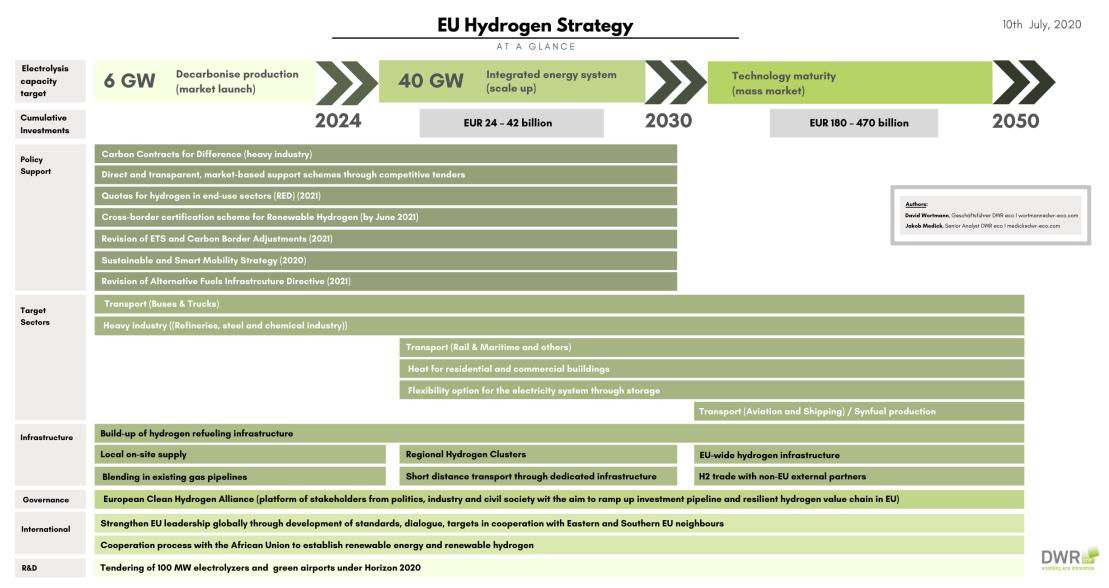
The future of hydrogen rests on **cost reduction** ...



... and **system safety** assurances

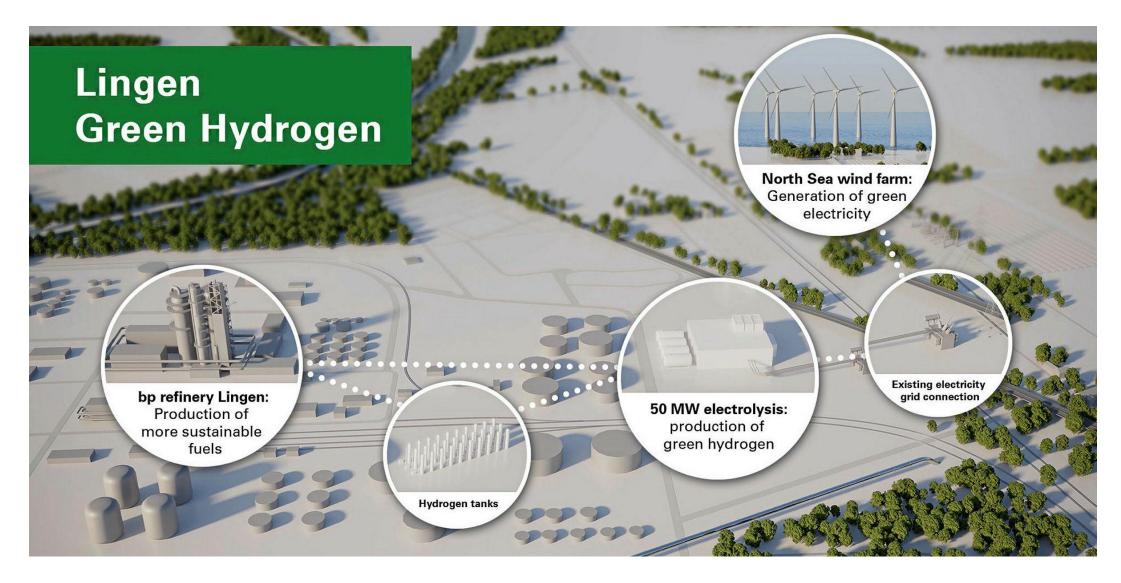


Numerous H2 support policies are under development and implementation worldwide





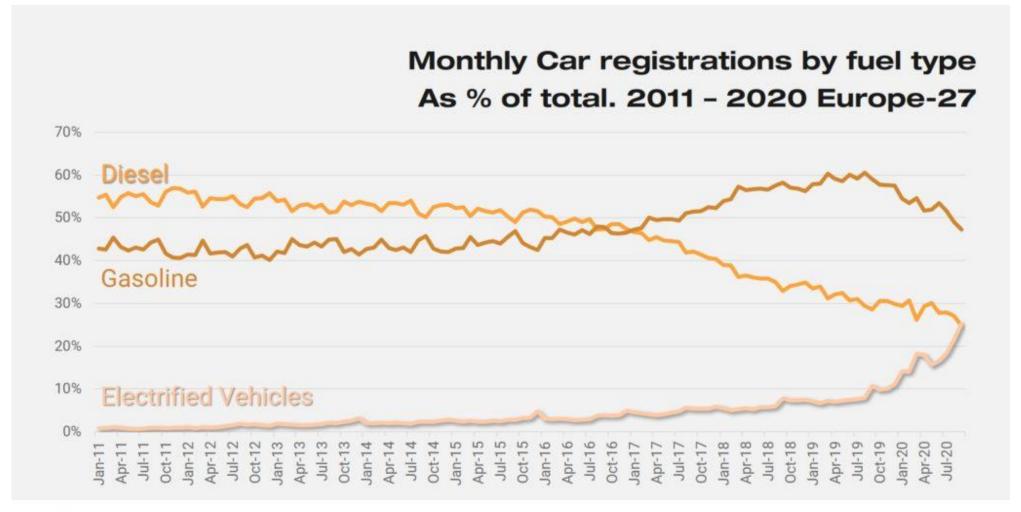
One of many examples: BP Orsted 50 MW demo power plant based on green hydrogen



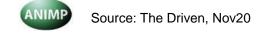
H2: Perhaps also in the most 'unexpected' applications



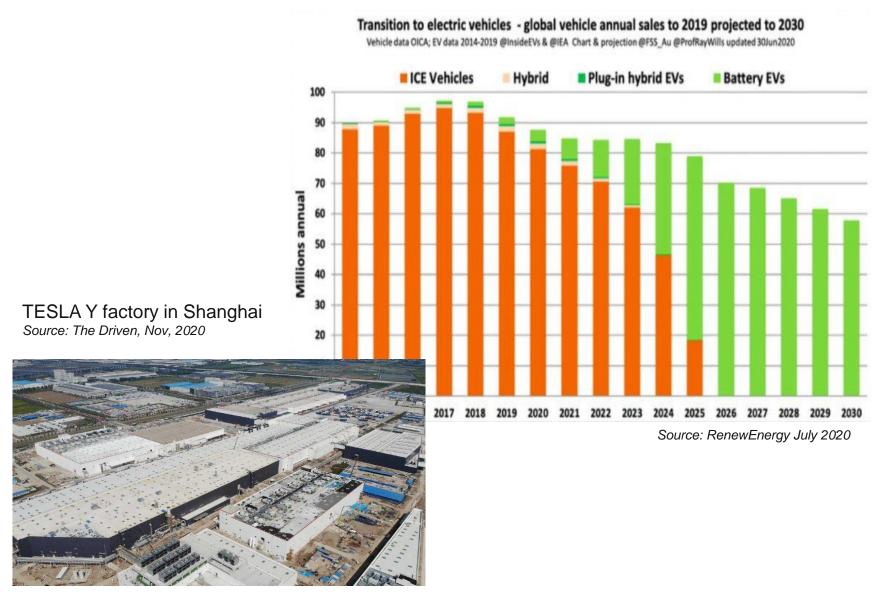
In Europe, **EVs** are substituting diesel vehicles







The days of internal combustion engines *could* be over ...

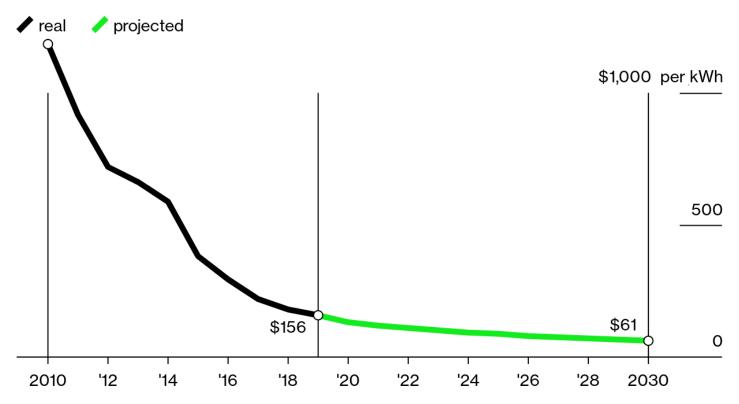




... thanks to major technology breakthroughs in batteries and IT - also for stationary applications

Charging Ahead

Lithium-ion batteries continue to get cheaper each year



Source: BloombergNEF Note: 2019 USD prices

Bloomberg Green



Conclusions on Market Context





- Traditional investments into the Oil&Gas industry should resume after COVID, but then plateau
- The energy transition is a reality, but with major uncertainties regarding:
 - Timing
 - Exact direction
 - Quantification
- Most medium-term opportunities to be in new market applications
- Key factors will remain:
 - Governments and policies
 - Technology development
 - Public opinion

Varied portfolios, active search for technology breakthroughs, spread-the-bets approaches ... could all be the keys to success





Market Context

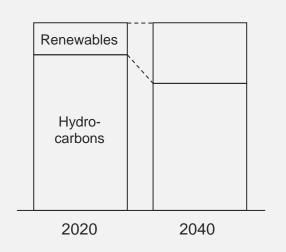
Outlook on Investments

Top10 Trends in Supply Chain

A resilient Oil&Gas industry

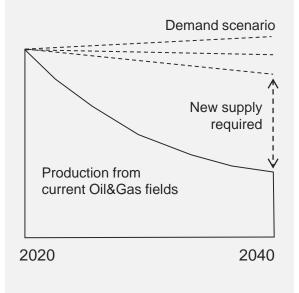
Decarbonization requires **significant** shifts towards **renewables**

In transition scenarios, renewables to continue to grow rapidly but there is still a role for hydrocarbons, albeit diminished.



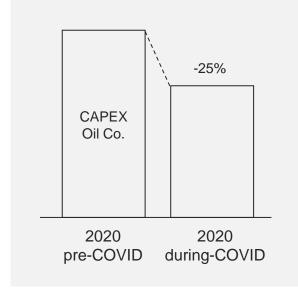
CAPEX in Oil&Gas is still needed to meet energy demand

Need to continuously replace the **depletion** of the already operating fields (on average 6% per annum).



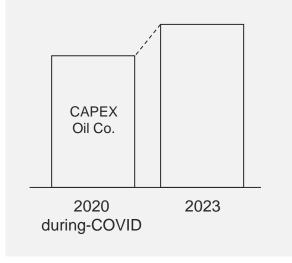
Oil&Gas Co. have enacted survival measures to COVID-19

The economic activity lockdown and block of mobility in 1Q-2Q are triggering an unprecedented oil demand drop with a consequent oil price crash.



Perception of underinvestment with expected rebound

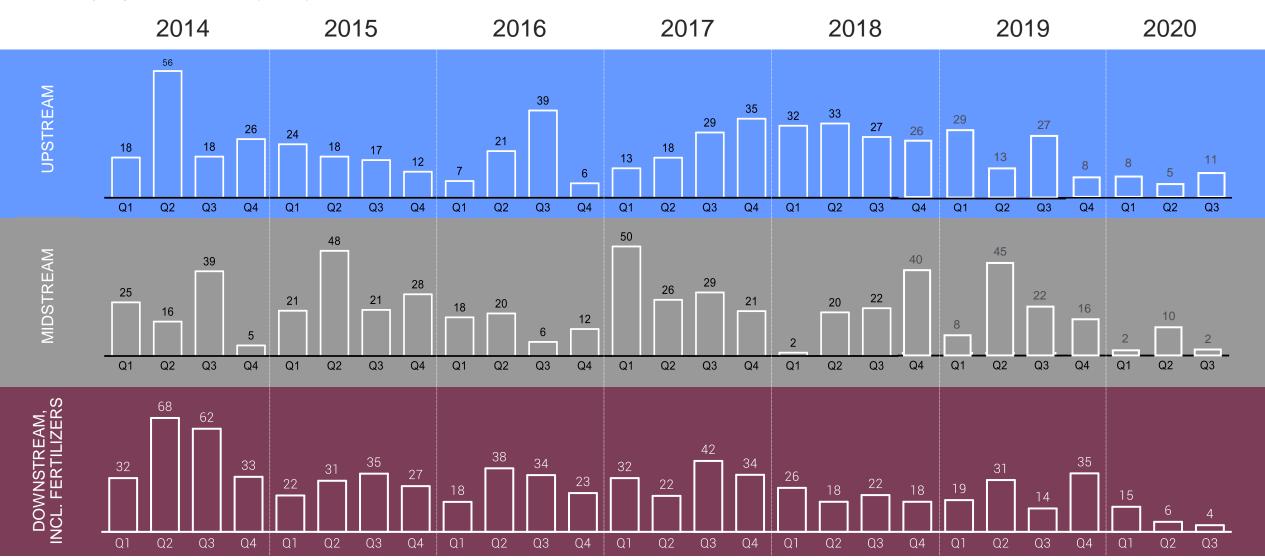
Since the beginning of COVID19, Governments in G20 countries have committed at least \$421B to supporting different energy types, out of which 55% to Fossil Fuels





Quarterly evolution of Oil&Gas project awards

Oil&Gas Top Projects awarded, Global (\$ Billion)



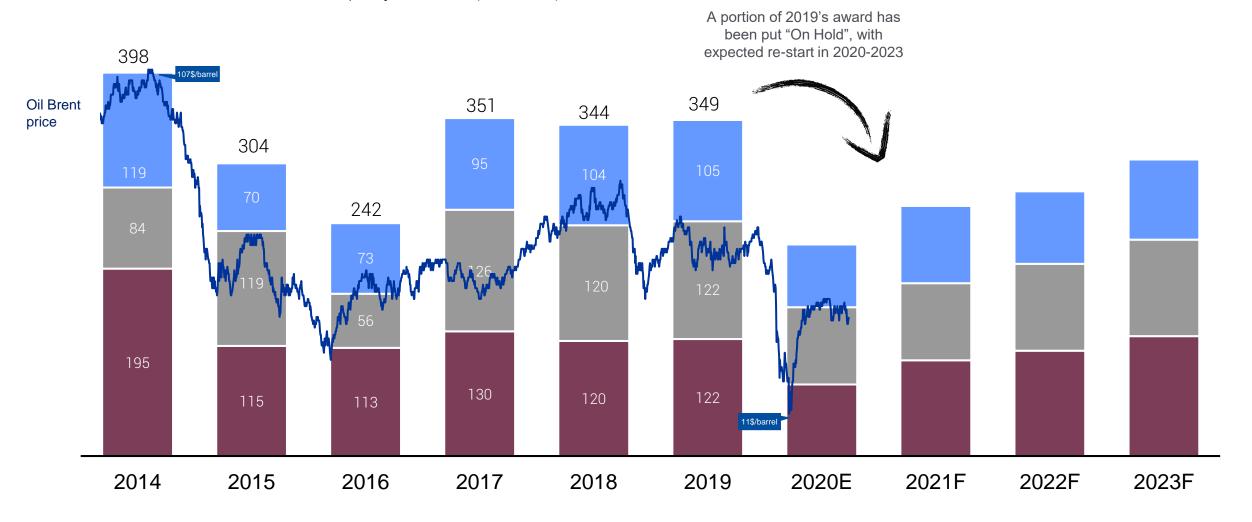


Note: not considering Exploration and Drilling CAPEX Source: SupplHi Market Compass

Oil&Gas Plant CAPEX evolution

UpstreamMidstreamDownstream,incl. Fertilizers

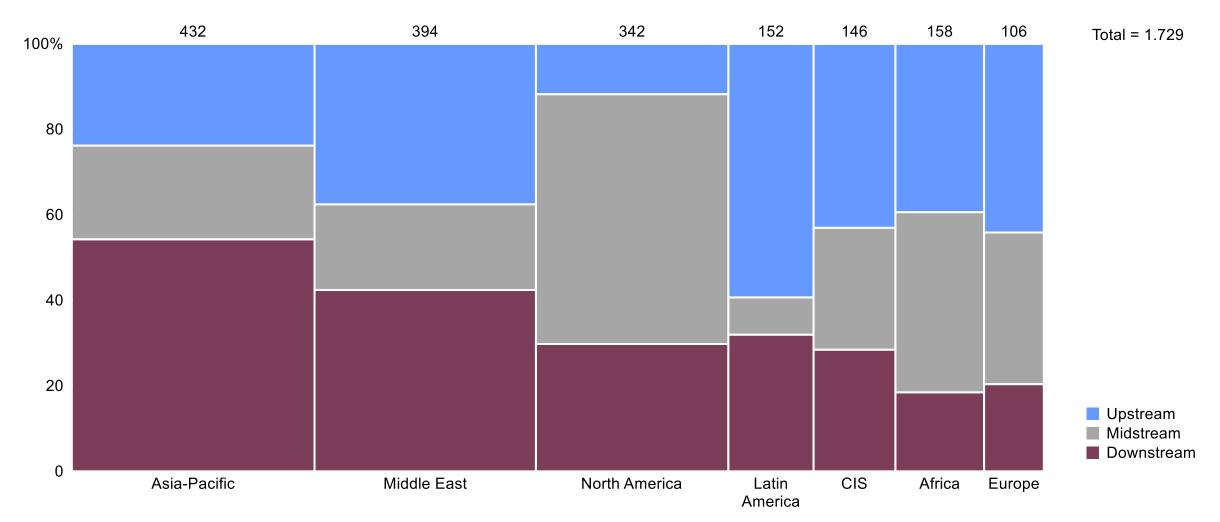
Distribution of CAPEX for Oil&Gas Top Projects, Global (EUR Billion)





Oil&Gas CAPEX sees high relevance of Downstream in APAC and ME, while strong LNG investments in North America

Estimate of the Oil&Gas (incl. Fertilizers) Plant CAPEX - 2019-2024, Billion €





Note: not considering Exploration and Drilling CAPEX Source: SupplHi Market Compass

The Oil&Gas industry is "riding" multiple CAPEX waves

JPSTREAN



Upstream CAPEX is experiencing a 30% drop in 2020/2021



Significant CAPEX in new Oil & Gas production will be still required to sustain depletion and continuous demand, even in a fast energy transition scenario

MIDSTREAM



Current wave of LNG capacity additions coming to an end, with COVID-19 delaying LNG CAPEX



Gas to support the energy transition, with a potential new wave of LNG investments to be started after 2022/2023

DOWNSTREAM, NCL. FERTILIZERS



Petchem supply was already outpacing demand pre-COVID (17% petrochemicals price decline in 2019) and oversupply will be exacerbated by global economy contraction

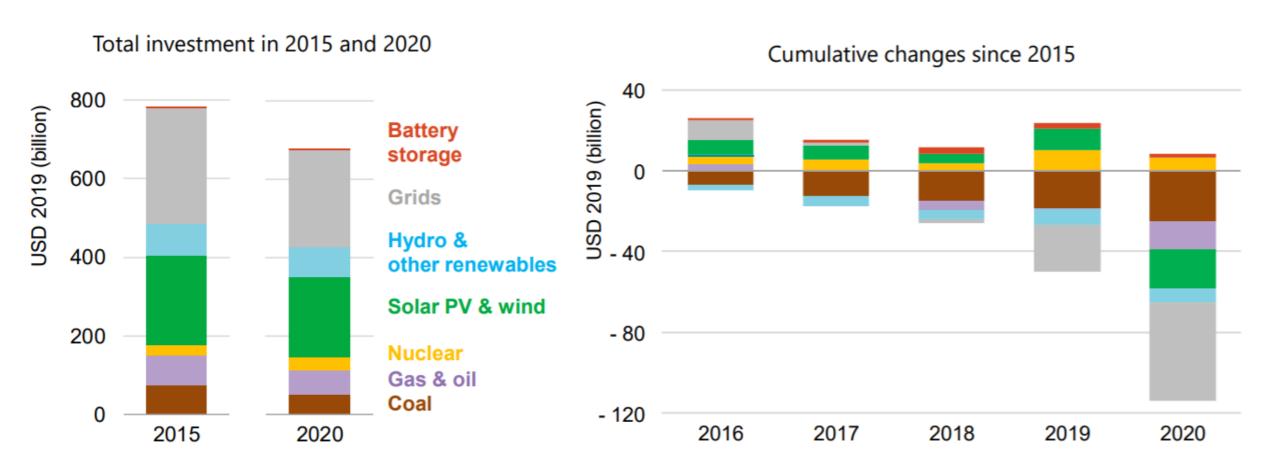


Continued momentum for Downstream (large greenfield & brownfield projects – mainly biorefineries), even if at slower pace, also to sustain local economies' development



Investment in Power in 2020 has seen higher reduction in Grids and Solar

Global Power investment

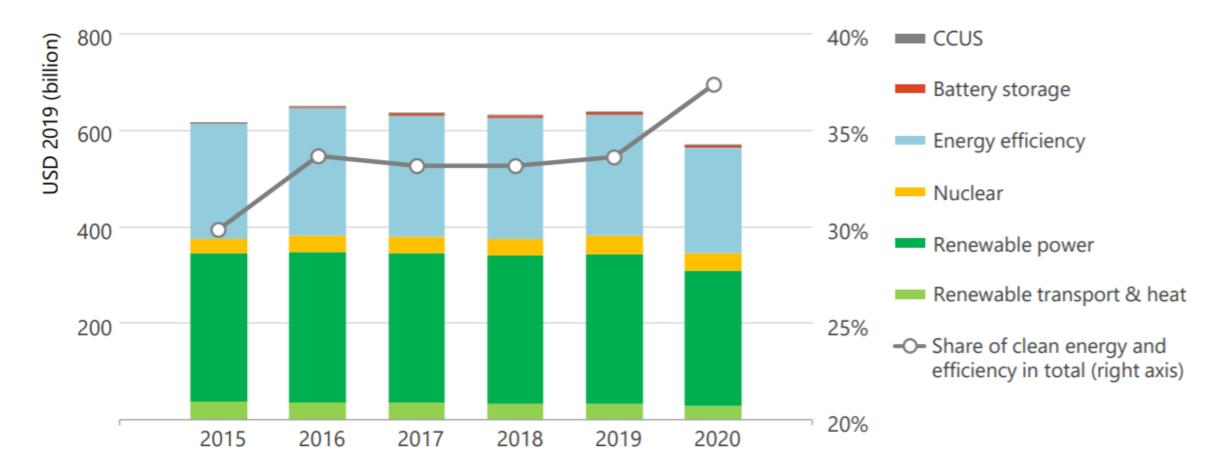


Investment in solar PV and wind has held up, even as costs have come down, but spending on other aspects of a secure & sustainable system – grids, storage, flexibility – are lagging behind



Clean Energy CAPEX in 2020 has been resilient and increased its share

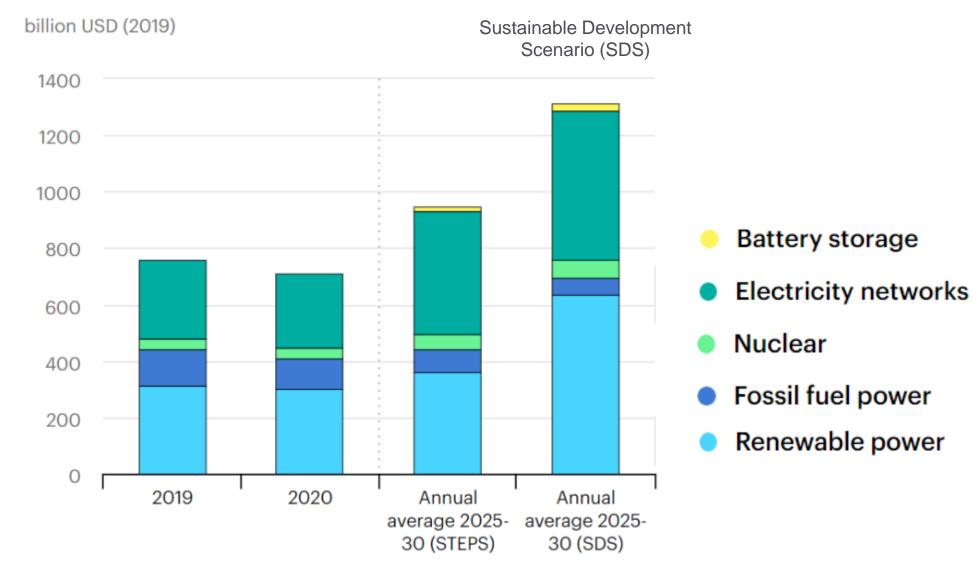
Global investment in clean energy and efficiency, and share in total investment





Under the IEA's Stated Policies Scenario, energy supply investment would rise to nearly \$1.3 trillion within 10 years

Global Power CAPEX





Market Context

Outlook on Investments

Top10 Trends in Supply Chain

Top 10 Trends in Plant Engineering Supply Chain, 2020

Energy Transition Sustainability 2 CAPEX Challenge Digital In Country Value **Project Management** Green & Circular **New Talents** 5 Standardization 10 Political relevance



Relative change in relevance from previous year

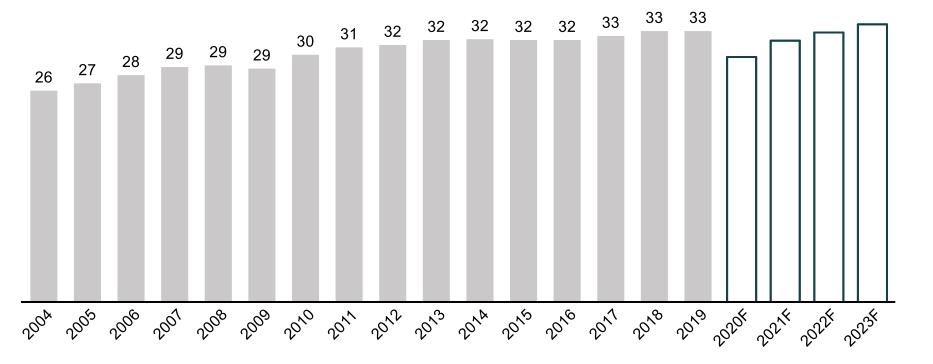
The new reference standard

1

CO2 Global emissions from the combustion of coal, gas, oil, and other fuels, including industrial waste and non-renewable municipal waste.

Today, with ANIMP online attendance, we are saving 7,2 tonnes of CO2

Metric gigatons (GT)



Currently driven by:

30%	China
15%	US
9%	Europe
7%	India

25% Electricity

23% Agriculture

21% Industry

14% Transportation

6% Buildings



Are we ready to measure in terms of CO2 all our activities?



CO₂ of a Plant in industrial B₂B

Development phase (EPC-I): 2-5 years

20+ years

Raw materials

Subcomponents Plant Logistics Manufacturing processes

Project Logistics Construction / Installation

Operations phase

Procurement-based "upstream" manufacturing by Vendors.

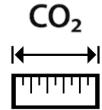
Carbon footprint of each production line, by category of supply.



CO2 Estimation Engine

Location of the manufacturing plant (for distance from destination)

Installation mainly relevant for Offshore activities (e.g. naval spread, ...) Each Technology Licensor has its own internal estimation model for CO2



Carbon footprint measurement methodology that identifies actions to reduce the footprint of the entire supply chain



Most demanded categories of supply - NOT EXHAUSTIVE

 CO_2

Carbon Removal

8

Carbon Avoidance

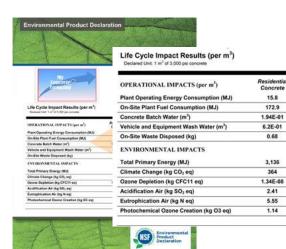
EQUIPMENT

- CO2 Capture packages / systems
- Dedusting Filters
- Ash Removal systems
- Water Treatment systems
- Electrolysers
- Fuel Cells
- ...

SERVICES

- Environmental Monitoring
- Environmental Product Declaration (EPD) consulting
- Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) consulting
- Carbon Credit Trading / Carbon Offset Management
- Logistics Route Optimization Software
- GHG Monitoring Software
- Sustainability Reporting Software
- ...

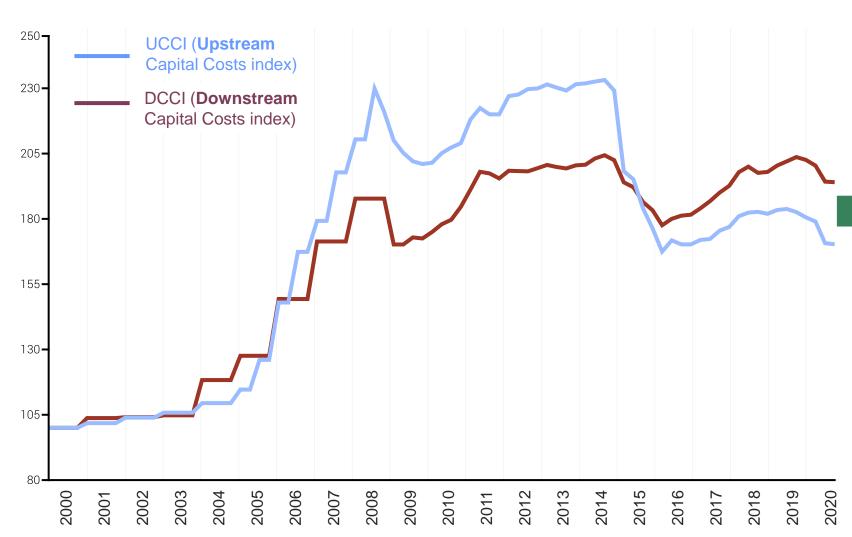






Costs to remain under control, efficiency is a must

Cost Index (2000=100)



This is what the market is able to pay to let projects fly.

Costs now cannot increase back.

minimum efficiency



In 2021-2022 - after the delivery of the current backlog - the supply chain will be challenged by the impact of less CAPEX awarded in 2020 and by project delays.

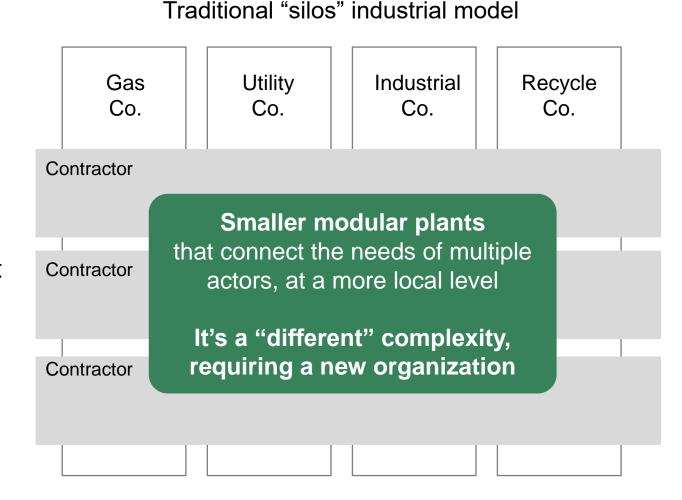
Example: Critical equipment			SupplHi pilot on Industry-shared evaluation (out of ~200 observations)				
	Country of the Vendor	# of total players	Quality	Delivery time	Behaviour	Overall Score	
	European Country	215	4.3	4.1	3.7	4.0	
	Asian Country	128	3.1	3.3	2.7	3.2	
	North American	72	3.2	2.8	2.8	3.2	
	Asian Country	61	2.8	3.3	2.5	2.9	
	Russia	45	4.2	3.2	4.1	4.0	
Berry .	Saudi Arabia	43	3.9	4.1	3.4	3.8	
	UAE	36	4.1	3.2	3.7	3.5	
	Asian Country	32	3.3	2.9	3.2	3.1	

- Evolution, from "Local Content" to "In Country Value"
- Contractors are the first ones subject to ICV Certificates - ICV regulations differ from country to country, requiring tailored approach
- Local supply chains grew in number and competences and they do deliver
- How to transform ICV into an opportunity?

Green Value Chains require a different business model by End-Users and Contractors

4

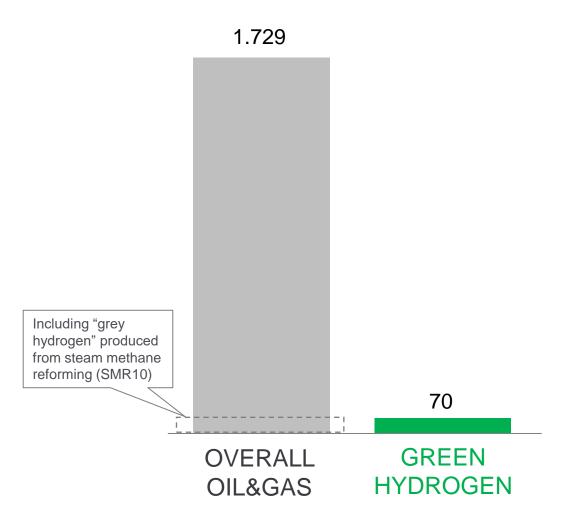
- The green industry is creating new opportunities (including the infrastructure required to support the "core"):
 - Circular Economy
 - Green Chemistry
 - Green and Blue Hydrogen
- The new Green Value Chains do not support the traditional "silos" industrial model
 - issues in evaluations of benefits
 - focus on **permitting** and local presence
 - co-investment / financing by Contractor?



Green Hydrogen CAPEX will not immediately drive industry backlog, yet







- 50 green hydrogen projects under development worldwide
 - large scale facilities starting up in 2022-23 and 2025-26 - mainly in Australia and Europe (announced €470 billion toward hydrogen infrastructure)
 - Projects mainly at an early stage (just 14 having started construction and 34 at a study or MOU stage), with many that could face delays due to uncertain financing and complex JVs
- Dedicated M&A wave targeting technology owners (e.g. fuel cells, ...)
- Future relevance of Hydrogen storage CAPEX (e.g. salt caverns or depleted gas fields)

Standardization is Innovation



Traditional approach



Al main IOCs and NOCs are replacing specs and datasheets, even on already started projects



Multi-year creation of a new standard library

Future of Energy



Energy Transition requires smaller and more replicable ("faster") plants



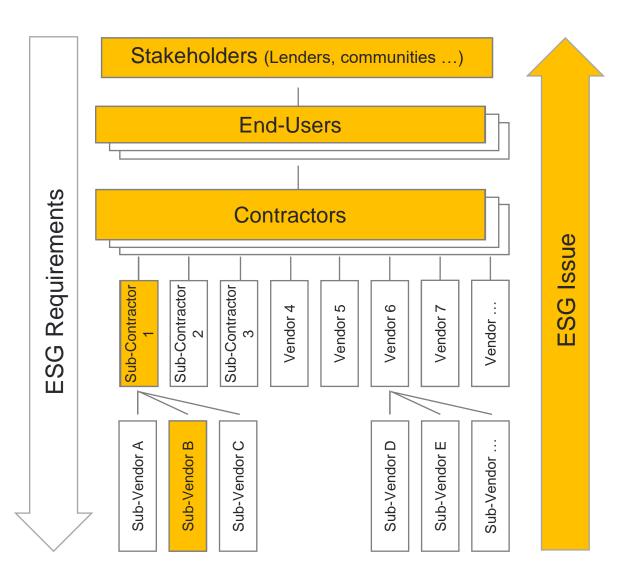
Native & Fast

Standardization is inevitable

- New way of working
 (the knowledge of the different company specs has been a competitive advantage, ...)
- Fast adopters will be the ones benefiting the most
- How to ride the standardization?



Sustainability is not just a hype in our articulated Supply Chain



Environment, Social, Governance (ESG) principles, practices, standards, metrics and requirements are:

- becoming an award factor in tenders
- a pass-through to the entire value chain repeating the case of "Quality systems", 30 years later
- entering the Banking system

If you can't measure it, you can't improve it.



Sir William ThomsonInventor of the Kelvin international system of absolute temperature



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Industry-shared guideline for ESG sustainability assessment of plant engineering supply chain



SUSTAINABILITY ASSESSMENT WORKGROUP

Guideline for industry-shared assessment of ESG Sustainability in the Supply Chain of the Energy industry



Sustainability Managers of:













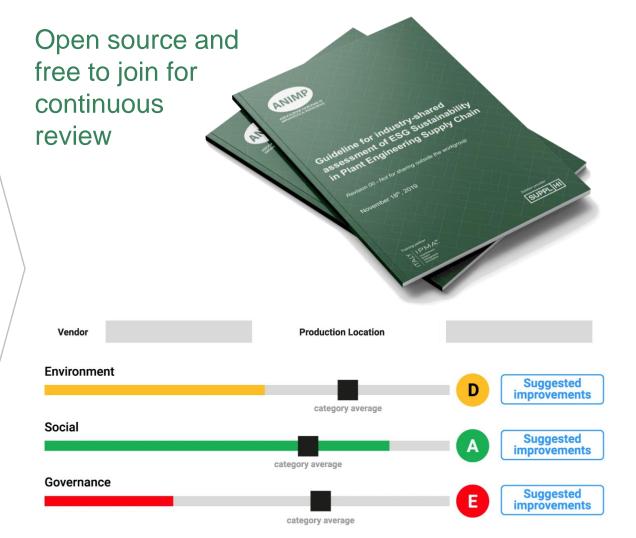


The workgroup is always open to other players to join the discussion

Solution providers









SG

Digital in Plant Engineering delivers speed, compliance and costs savings



EXPECTATION

Innovation is a process of creative destruction that revolutionizes the economic structure.



J. Schumpeter, 1939

REALITY

Digital in Plant Engineering is mainly focused on **process improvement**:

- Speed of interface among functions
- Cost savings on selected activities
- more Compliance

Currently:

- all <u>EPC</u> players are performing **Digital Programs** looking for **incremental improvements to their operations**
- End-Users are the actors that can benefit the most in terms of operational savings in their plants

Beyond Digital, generalized under-investment in R&D



Annual R&D investments of Italian companies, average 2014-2018

Where is R&D on:

- New materials?
- New applications?
- New business models?

€0,7 Billion

VS

3

R&D investments by Plant Engineering Co.



R&D investments in Pharma industry

€1,5 Billion



% on Sales



Project Management to manage the arising complexity



How to apply Amazon's Two-Pizza Team Rule ...

No matter how large your company gets, individual teams shouldn't be larger than what two pizzas can feed (5-10 people max)



... to a €1 Billion project in Energy?

The cost of coordinating, communicating, and relating with each other snowballs to such a degree that it lowers individual and team productivity



- Decisions will move faster
- Specs will be more standardized, and the supply chain will be increasingly local
- Execution will be even more decentralized with larger use of outsourcing to specialists, and support activities delivered as-a-Service

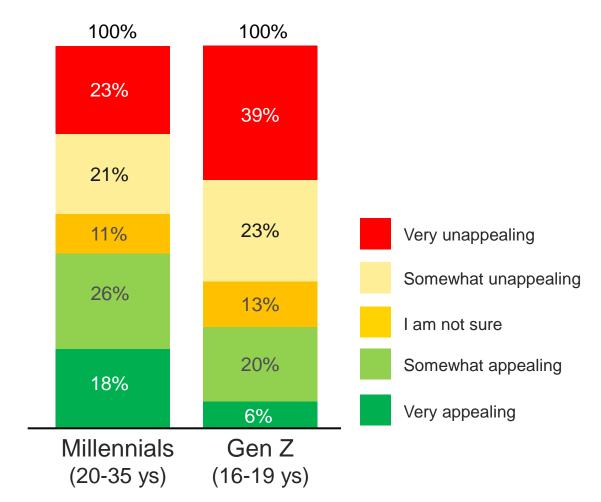
Which tools for a PM?



How to attract the next talents?



Survey by EY: How appealing to you is a career in the Oil & Gas industry?



Generation Z will be looking for businesses with:

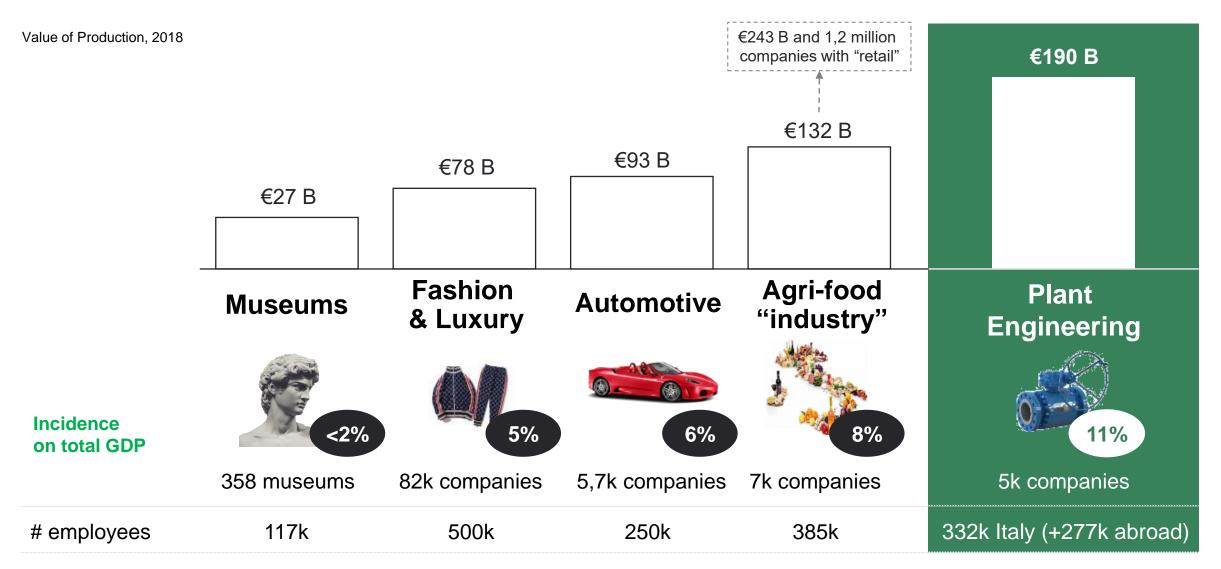
- a purpose (other than making money)
- o international exposure
- entrepreneurial values (72% of teens say they want to start their own business)
- continuous self-education (33% watch lessons online, 20% read textbooks on tablets, and 32% work with classmates online)

How to cater these values to future professionals?



How to let emerge the relevance of our industry?

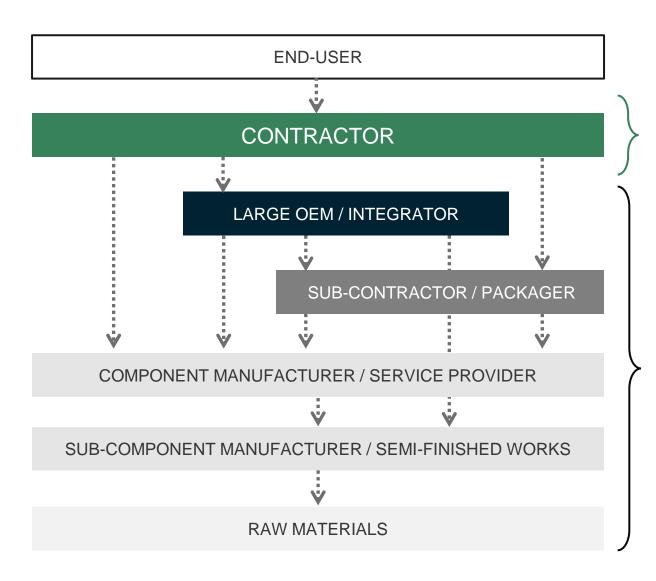




Source: analysis by Cribis D&B and SupplHi on Cribis D&B, BCG, Quattroruote, AlixPartners and ICE public data. Note: not considering Italian End-Users (Eni, Enel, ...)



Roles in our supply chain

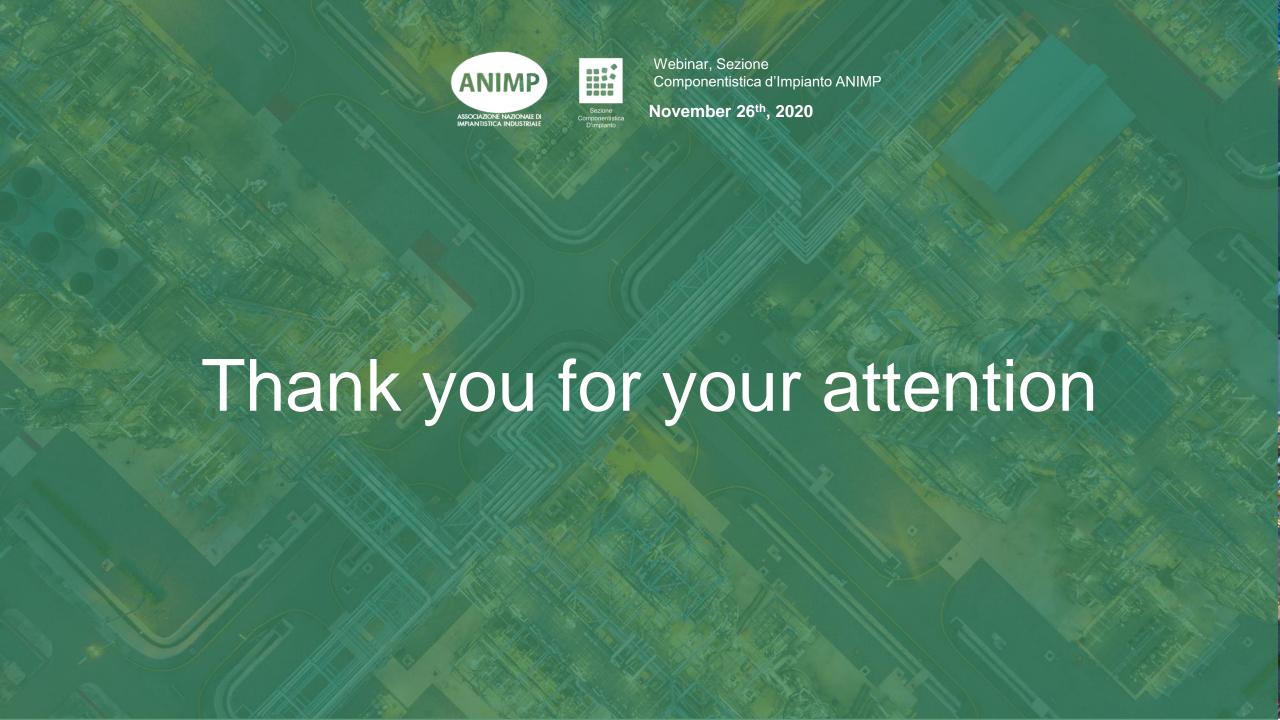


Engine for innovation More collaboration

More specialization

More risks, more innovation





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